REPORT ON

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS

FOR THE PROPOSED BUILDING

In

Examination Building At J.P. University, Chhapra

Your Letter No.- BSEIDC/FIN/326/2012-242 Patna, Dated - 10.01.2019

Submitted to The Chief Engineer BSEIDC, Patna

January, 2019



BIHAR FOUNDATION CONSULTANTS

[A unit of Baidyanath Foundation Consultants Pvt. Ltd.] Ganga Darshan Apartment, Flat No. 403.

Patna – 10

[e-mail : bifcon.pat@gmail.com, Phone No: + 91612 - 2272826]

Examination Building at J.P. University, Chhapra



PN - 190120

[A Unit : Baidyanath Foundation Consultants Pvt. Ltd.] 403, Ganga Darshan Apartment, Patna-10

CONTENTS

<u>Sl.No.</u>	Description	<u>Page No.</u>
1	Introduction	1
2	Field Work	1
3	Laboratory Test	2
4	Presentation of Test Results	2
5	Soil Stratification	2
6	Foundation Analysis	2
7	Recommendations	3

Appendix

[Containing Figures and Tables]

- A. Bore Holes Location Map
- B. Field Test Observations & Laboratory Test Results
- C. Graph of Grain size Analysis
- D. Triaxial shear / Direct shear strength test curves
- E. `e-log p' Curves from Consolidation Tests
- F. Sample calculation of pile / bearing capacity
- G. Copy of Work Order

PN - 190120

1. INTRODUCTION

The subsoil investigations reported herein were taken up to find out the nature of subsoil at the site of the proposed construction and to recommend the capacity and type of its foundation. After certain tests on the soil, as detailed below, the desired recommendations have been made on **page 3** of this Report.

2. FIELD WORK

The fieldwork consisted of sinking a bore hole, conducting the necessary field tests in it and collecting soil samples from it for conducting laboratory tests on them.

2.1. Boring

Taking guidance from IS: 1892, one bore hole of 150 mm diameter was sunk at the location shown in the bore hole location map.

2.2 Sampling

2.2.1 Undisturbed Soil Samples

Open drive samplers of 100-mm diameter and about 450-mm length were used for obtaining undisturbed samples of cohesive soils. The collection, sealing, labeling and transportation of the samples to the laboratory were done as per the IS guide-lines.

2.2.2 Disturbed Soil Samples

Disturbed soil samples were collected from the bore hole at suitable intervals of depth (not more than 2.5 m) and at all depths of change in the nature of the subsoil. These samples were sealed in polythene bags with proper identification labels.

2.3 Field Tests

2.3.1 Standard Penetration Tests (SPT)

These tests were conducted as per IS: 2131 – 1963. The depth interval between two consecutive tests was 1 to 1.5 m. The tests were located in between the levels at which undisturbed soil samples were collected.

3. LABORATORY TESTS

Some or all of the following laboratory tests, as necessary, were done on the collected soil samples. Representative soil samples were selected for this from the different soil strata encountered during boring. The tests were performed as per the relevant Indian Standard Codes of Practice.

- (a) Natural moisture content
- (b) Bulk density
- (c) Grain size analysis (using sieves and / or hydrometer)
- (d) Specific gravity of soil solids
- (e) Atterberg's limit tests (liquid, plastic and shrinkage limits)
- (f) Shear Tests :
 - [I] Triaxial compression test (unconsolidated undrained), generally for fine- grained soils
 - [II] Unconfined compression tests, only on cohesive soils
 - [III] Direct shear tests, generally for coarse-grained soils
- (g) Chemical tests on soil/ground water
- (h) Other tests as and when required.

4. PRESENTATION OF TEST RESULTS

The field and laboratory test results are given in the Appendix - B.

5. SOIL STRATIFICATION

The results of field tests in three bore holes sunk at the site [vide Location Sketch in App. A] and the results of laboratory tests conducted on the collected soil samples indicate that the soil stratification at the site is as describe below.

The subsoil in BH 1 and 2 is sandy clayey silt / clayey silt [type ML / MI] up to the investigated depth of 10.5 m bgl. But in BH 3 it is silty clay [type CI] up to the depth of about 6.0 m followed by clayey silt [type MI] up to the investigated depth of 10.5 m bgl. It is also gritty from about 4.5 m to 10.5 m depth in [BH 1 and 2] and 6.0 m to 10.5 m depth in [BH 3].

Ground water table was struck at about 2.90m to 3.00 m depth below GL in January, 2019. It is subject to seasonal variations.

6. FOUNDATION ANALYSIS

The safe capacity of foundation of any type and size may be determined on the basis of the soil data given in this Report by using the standard methods of foundation design and following the relevant Indian Standard Codes.

PN: 190120

7. RECOMMENDATIONS

The design of the foundation for the proposed structure depends on the nature of both [a] the subsoil and [b] the structure.

The subsoil in BH 1 and 2 is sandy clayey silt / clayey silt [type ML / MI] up to the investigated depth of 10.5 m bgl. But in BH 3 it is silty clay [type CI] up to the depth of about 6.0 m followed by clayey silt [type MI] up to the investigated depth of 10.5 m bgl. It is also gritty from about 4.5 m to 10.5 m depth in [BH 1 and 2] and 6.0 m to 10.5 m depth in [BH 3].

Ground water table was struck at about 2.90m to 3.00 m depth below GL in January, 2019. It is subject to seasonal variations.

- 1. The proposed structure may be provided with shallow foundation at a depth of 1.5 m or more.
- As the major part of the formation is sandy silt and silt dominating, hence placement of bored cast in situ plane or u/r pile may not be desirable as this formation may collapse during such pile placement. Driven piles may be uneconomical.

The values of net allowable bearing pressures of foundations of certain sizes have been calculated [vide sample of Calculation in Appendix - F] and are tabulated below.

Depth (m)	Width (m)	Net all	owable bearing pres	ssure (t/m ²)	Maximum expected
below GL		Strip footing	Square footing	Raft foundation	settlement (mm)
	2.0	6.0	6.6		50
1.5	3.0	6.2	6.4		50
	10.0			8.0	75
	2.0	6.8	7.5		50
2.0	3.0	6.9	7.4		50
	10.0			8.7	75
	2.0	7.6	8.5		50
2.5	3.0	7.6	8.3		50
	10.0			9.4	75
	2.0	8.5	9.6		50
3.0	3.0	8.4	9.2		50
	10.0			10.1	75
	2.0	9.7	11.0		50
3.5	3.0	9.4	10.4		50
	10.0			11.0	75
	2.0	11.2	12.8		50
4.0	3.0	10.7	11.9		50
	10.0			12.3	75

Table 1: Allowable Net Bearing Pressures [q_{na}] and Settlements Expected [s]

Note:

If a soil condition much different from those reported herein is met with during foundation trenching, suitable steps should be taken.

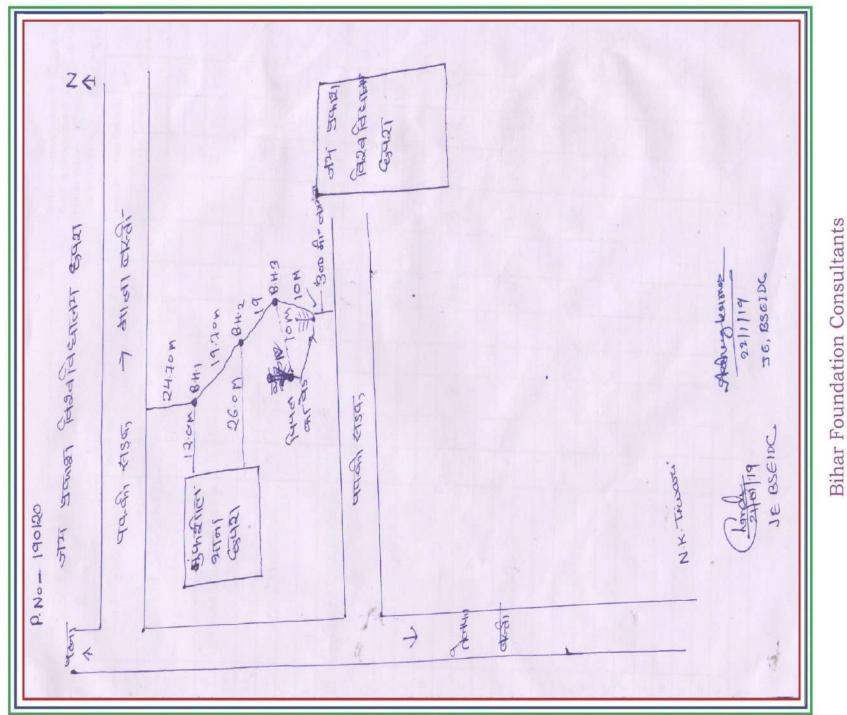
For Bihar Foundation Consultants,

(Dr. K.S.P. Singh, FIE, MIGS) Senior Consultant.

PN: 190120

Bihar Foundation Consultants, 403, Ganga Darshan Apartment, Patna-10 [A unit of Baidyanath Foundation Consultants Pvt. Ltd.]

Examination Building at J.P. University, Chhapra



PN - 190120

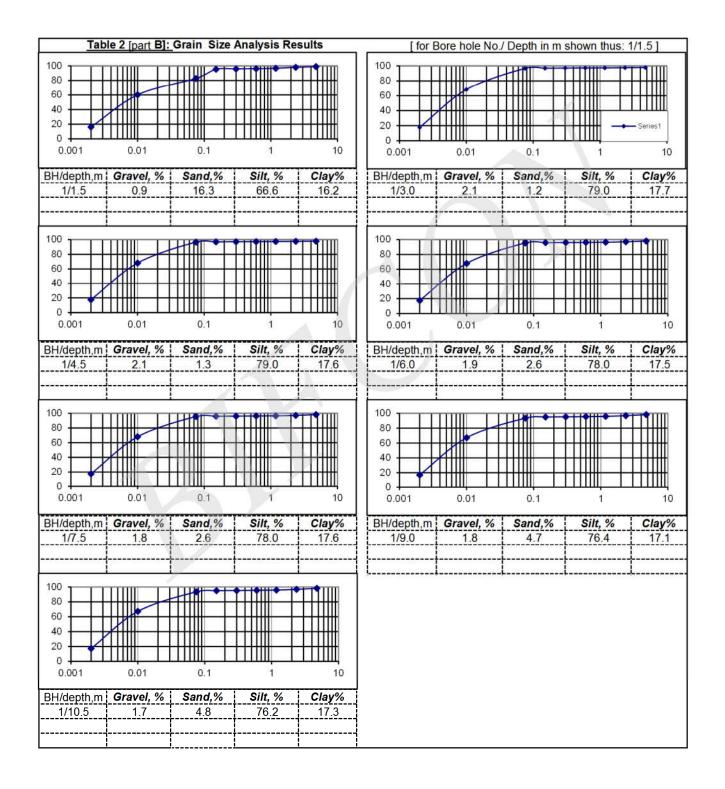
[A Unit : Baidyanath Foundation Consultants Pvt. Ltd.] 403, Ganga Darshan Apartment, Patna-10

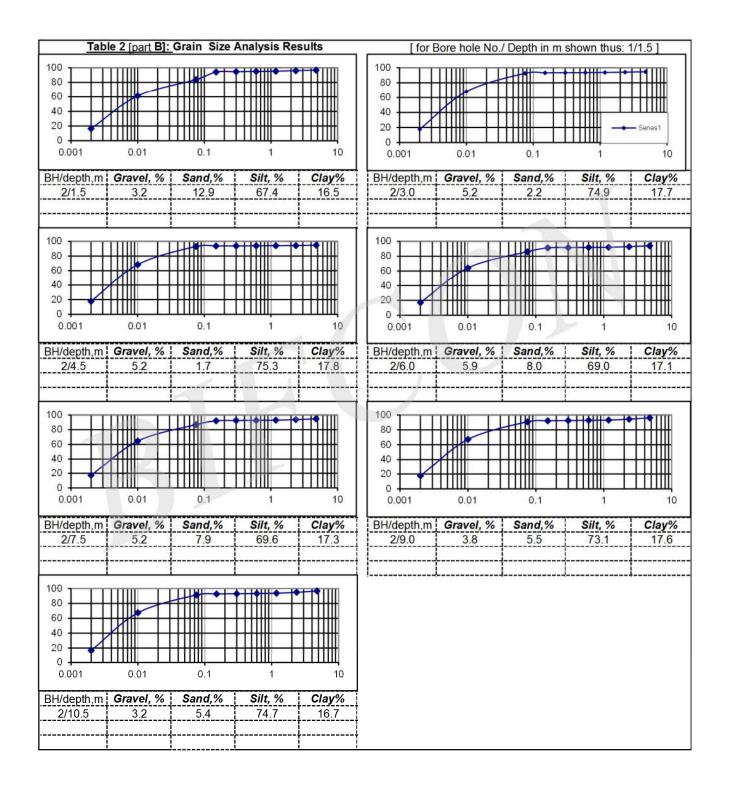


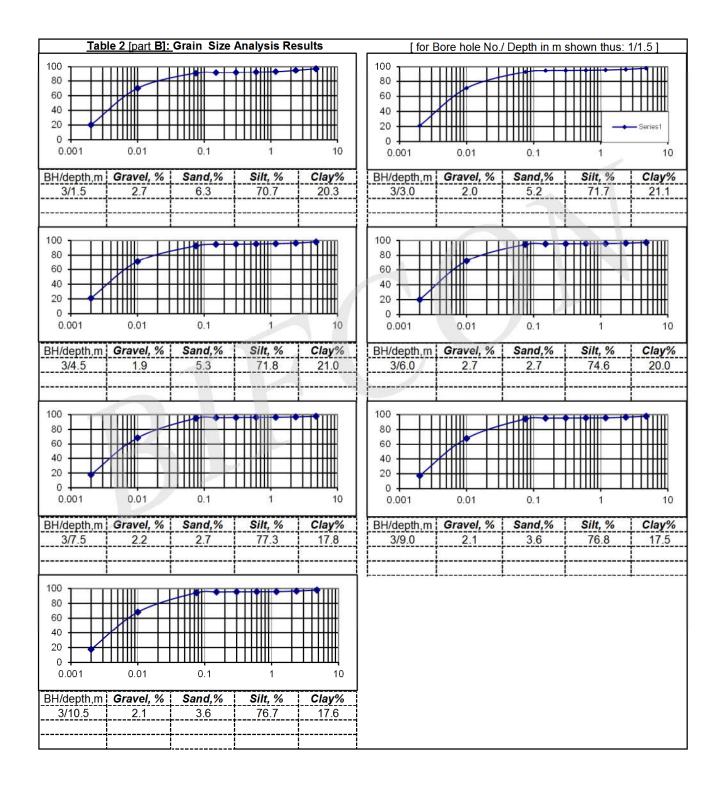
NAME OF	WORK	: Sub soil Inve	estigation for C/O				BORING F	INISH DA	TE : 21.01	.19		WATER T	ABLE	: 2.90 m bg	gl	
Examina	tion Buil	ding at J.P.	University, Chhapra				BORING I	METHOD :	Rotary							
BORE HO	LE NO. : 1		Site Incharge - N.K. Tiwari				TERMINA	TION DEP	TH : 10.5 r	n		RECORD	ON	: 21.01.1	9	
iL (m)		SPT 'N' Value		Dept	th(m)				%'	jm/cm3)	re Content	~		Shear Te		ndex (C _c)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.	observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification		I	Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, c kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, ϕ°	Compression Index (C _c)
Del	Sat	Obsr.		from	to	Тhi	Liq	Ыа	Ыа	Bul	Nat (%)	Spe	ТУF	kg/	φ Fric	Ö
1.0			Greyish sandy clayey silt, ML	0.0		1.5										
1.5	S1	17			1.5		32.0	24.4	7.6	1.94	28.3	2.65		0.14	16.2	
2.5				1.5												
3.0	<mark>S</mark> 2	8	Greyish yellowish clayey silt, Ml			3.0				1.94	28.6	2.64		0.07	15.3	
4.0			Greyish yellowish diayey silt, ivi			0.0										
4.5	S3	11			4.5		38.8	27.3	11.5	1.94	28.4	2.65		0.10	15.6	
5.5				4.5												
6.0	S4	16								1.94	28.2	2.64		0.14	16. 1	
7.0																
7.5	<mark>S</mark> 5	22	Greyish yellowish clayey silt, Ml			6.0	43.3	27.8	15.5	1.95	28.5	2.67		0.18	16.7	
8.5			with grits			0.0										
9.0	S6	28								1.95	28.3	2.65		0.23	17.3	
10.0																
10.5	S 7	29			10.5											

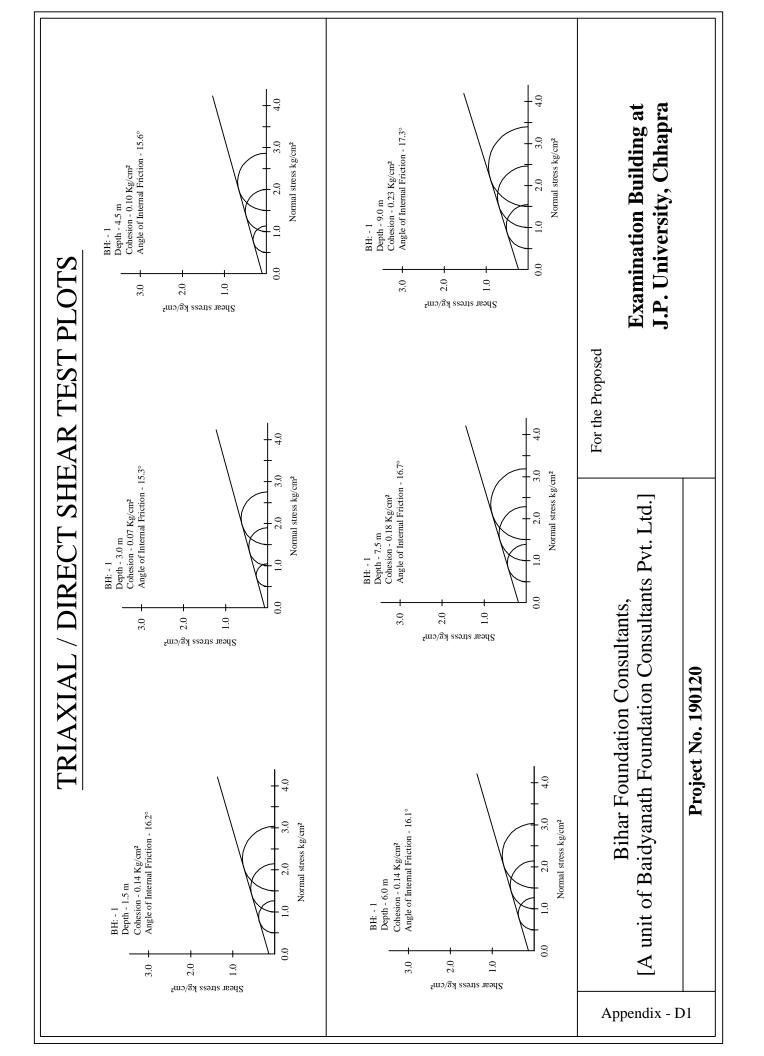
NAME OF	WORK	: Sub soil Inve	estigation for C/O				BORING F	INISH DA	TE : 22.01	.19		WATER T	ABLE	: 2.90 m bg	gl	
Examina	ation Buil	ding at J.P.	University, Chhapra				BORING I	METHOD :	Rotary							
BORE HO	DLE NO. : 2		Site Incharge - N.K. Tiwari				TERMINA	TION DEP	TH : 10.5 r	n		RECORD	ON	: 21.01.1	9	
GL (m)		SPT 'N' Value		Dept	th(m)				x,%	gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	4		Shear Te		Index (C _c)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.	observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification		I	Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	tural Moistu)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, c kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, ϕ°	Compression Index (C _c)
De	Sal	Obsr.		from	to	Thi	Liq	Ыа	Pla	Bul	Nat (%)	Spe	⊥ _Y F	୍ଥି ତି	φ ^o	Ö
1.0			Greyish sandy clayey silt, Ml	0.0		1.5										
1.5	S1	12			1.5					1.94	28.4	2.65		0.11	15.7	
2.5				1.5												
3.0	S2	9	Greyish yellowish clayey silt, Ml			3.0	41.3	28.0	13.3	1.94	28.6	2.65		0.08	15.4	
4.0			Greyian yenowian diayey ant, iwi			0.0										
4.5	S3	13			4.5					1.94	28.3	2.64		0.12	15.8	
5.5				4.5												
6.0	S4	17					36.8	25.8	11.0	1.94	28.1	2.64		0.14	16.2	
7.0																
7.5	<mark>S</mark> 5	19	Greyish yellowish clayey silt, MI			6.0				1.95	28.6	2.67		0.16	16.4	
8.5			with grits			0.0										
9.0	S 6	25					43.0	28.1	14.9	1.95	28.1	2.65		0.21	17.0	
10.0																
10.5	<mark>S</mark> 7	28			10.5											

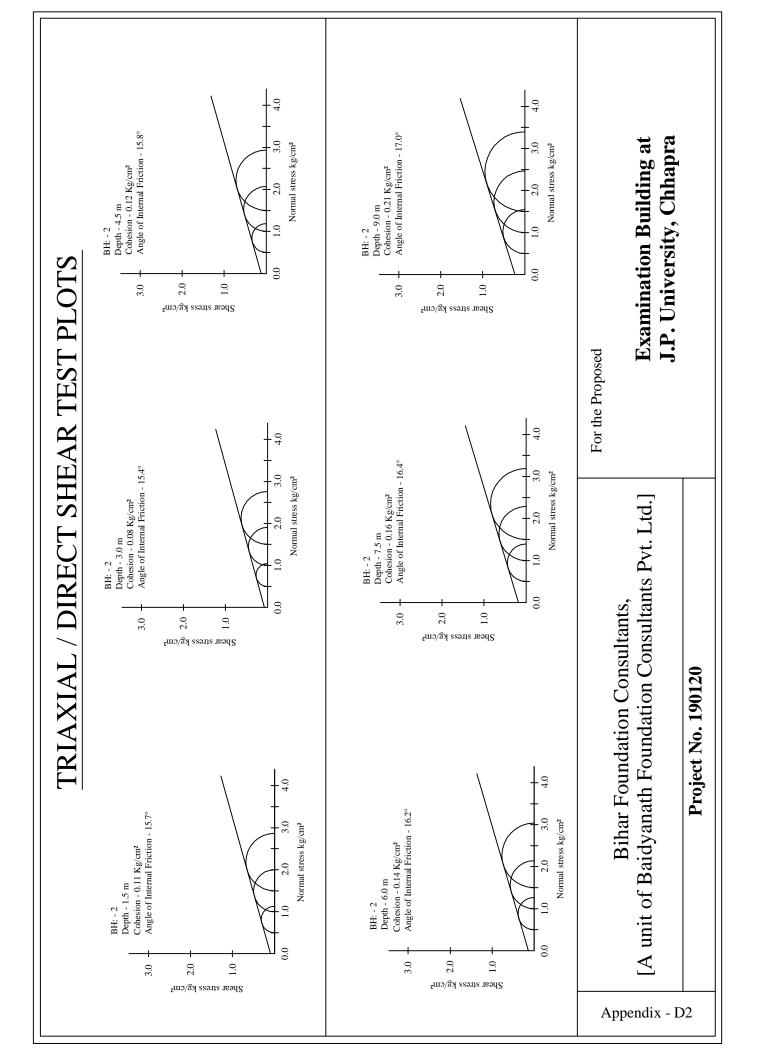
NAME OF	WORK	: Sub soil Inve	estigation for C/O				BORING F	FINISH DA	TE : 22.01	.19		WATER T	ABLE	: 3.00 m bę	gl	
Examina	ation Buil	ding at J.P.	University, Chhapra				BORING I	METHOD :	Rotary							
BORE HC	DLE NO. : 3		Site Incharge - N.K. Tiwari				TERMINA	TION DEP	TH : 10.5 r	n		RECORD	ON	: 22.01.1	9	
v GL (m)		SPT 'N' Value observation	Visual Description of Soil with IS Classification	Dept	th(m)	u)			dix,%	Bulk Density (gm/cm3)	Natural Moisture Content (%)	av ity		Shear Te		Compression Index (C_c)
Depth Below GL (m)	Sample No.					Thickness (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Indix,%	lk Densit	tural Mois)	Specific Gravity	Type of Test	Cohesion, 6 kg/cm2)	Friction Angle, ϕ°	mpressio
De	Sa	Obsr.		from	to	Тhi	Liq	- Pla	<u>Pla</u>	Bu	Na (%)	Š	<u>۲</u>	8 Ø	ф Ц Ц	ပိ
1.0			Greyish silty clay, Cl	0.0		1.5										
1.5	S1	11	,,,,,		1.5		37.5	23.1	14.4	2.01	25.5	2.70		0.52	5.1	
2.5				1.5												
3.0	S2	10								2.00	26.0	2.70		0.48	5.0	0.140
4.0			Greyish yellowish silty clay, Cl			4.5										
4.5	S3	14	Greyish yenowish siny day, or			4.5	37.5	20.0	17.5	2.01	25.4	2.70		0.61	5.1	0.135
5.5																
6.0	S 4	15			6.0					2.01	25.3	2.69		0.63	5.1	
7.0				6.0												
7.5	<mark>S</mark> 5	21					43.9	29.8	14.1	1.95	28.5	2.67		0.17	16.6	
8.5			Greyish yellowish clayey silt, Ml			4.5										
9.0	S 6	26	with grits			4.0				1.95	28.2	2.65		0.22	17.1	
10.0																
10.5	<mark>S</mark> 7	31			10.5											

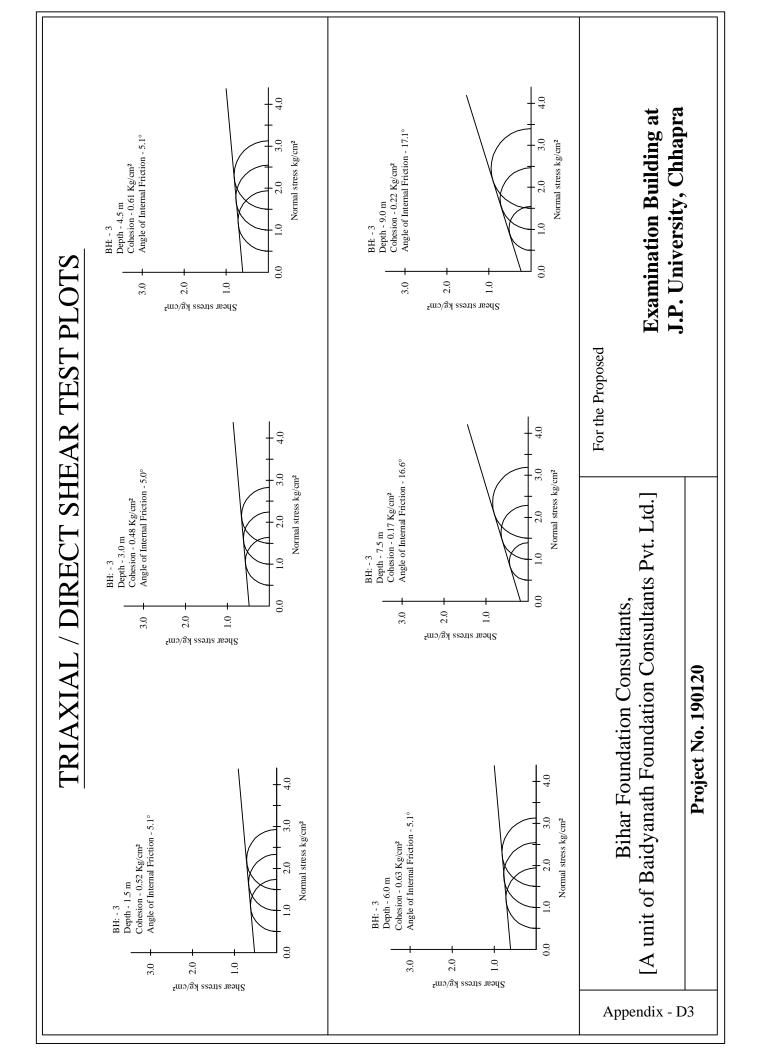


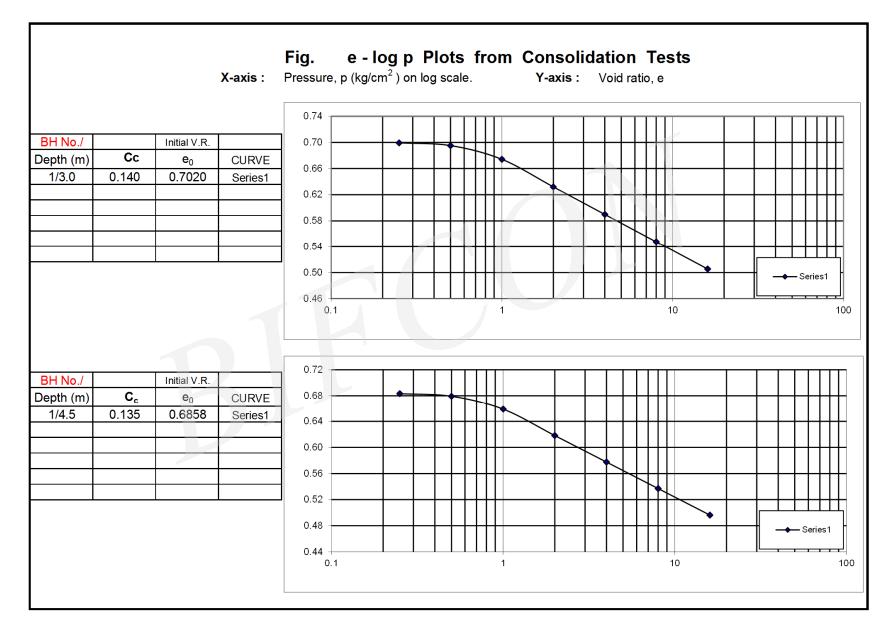












SAMPLE CALCULATION OF BEARING CAPACITY OF SHALLOW FOUNDATION

The determination of the **net safe bearing capacity**, q_{ns} , is done first on the basis of the shear failure criterion after dividing the value of the **net ultimate bearing capacity** q_{nf} , calculated as described below, by a suitable factor of safety. The **net soil pressure**, q_s , for a given permissible settlement is then calculated as explained in the next section. The lower of the two values, q_{ns} and q_s , thus determined is taken as the **allowable bearing capacity** of the soil.

1. <u>Shear Failure Criterion</u>. The net ultimate bearing capacity q_{nf} (t/m²) of a shallow foundation of breadth B (m) and depth D (m) is given as per IS:6403-1981 (Sec.5.1.2) by the following equation :

 $q_{nf} = c N_c s_c d_c I_c + q (N_q - 1) s_q d_q I_q + 0.5 \gamma B N_\gamma s_\gamma d_\gamma I_\gamma w$

where $c = cohesion (t/m^2)$

- $q = effective surcharge (t/m^2)$
- γ = unit weight of subsoil (t/m³)
- N_c , N_γ , N_q = bearing capacity factors, which are functions of ϕ , the angle of internal friction of the soil
 - s_c, s_q, s_γ = shape factors
 - $d_c, d_q, d_\gamma =$ depth factors $I_c, I_q, I_\gamma =$ inclination factors related to cohesion, surcharge and density of subsoil respectively
 - w = water table factor (= 0.5 to 1.0) depending on the depth, D_w of water table- vide Table below.

The bearing capacity factors (N's) are functions of ϕ , the angle of internal friction of the soil. Their values are found for general shear failure by referring to standard tables. If subsoil conditions are such as to lead to local shear failure, the values of these factors are found for a reduced value of angle of internal friction (ϕ ') given by the equation : tan ϕ ' = 0.67 tan ϕ . The value of cohesion is also reduced to c' = 0.67 c.

The values of the other factors for usual conditions are as tabulated below :

s _c =	1.3 1+0.2B/L	. 1	d _c =	1+ 0.2 (N <i>φ</i>) ^{0.5} D/ B			D _w at	G.L.	Fou'dn.Level
s _q =	1.2 1+0.2B/L	. 1	$d_q = d_{\gamma} =$	1 fo	<u>φ<</u>	10°	w =	0.5	1
\mathbf{s}_{γ} =	0.8//0.6 1-0.4B/L	1	$d_q = d_{\gamma} =$	1+ 0.1(Nφ) ^{0.5} D/ Β	φ >	100	In	terpolation	between
FOR	sq.// O Rect.	STRIP	$I_c, I_q, I_\gamma =$	= 1 for vertical load			th	ese values	is linear.

In the present case, the representative values of cohesion \mathbb{O} and angle of internal friction (ϕ)of the soil may be obtained from the soil data given earlier.

One example of calculation for a certain depth and width of a strip or square footing is given in the **Table A** on the next page. Full submergence of the soil has been assumed. The **safe bearing capacity**, q_{ns} has been obtained by dividing q_{nf} by a **safety factor**, **3**. The net safe bearing capacity for a footing of the selected size and depth of footing is to be seen in its last column. Calculations of safe bearing capacities for other depths and widths of footings are done similarly.

2 Calculation of allowable bearing capacity based on settlement criterion

N''

The **net soil pressure**, q_s (t/m²) for a permissible settlement of 25 mm is give by Teng's formula:

= corrected value of N from SPT

$$\mathbf{q}_{s} = 3.5 [N'' - 3] \left[(B + 0.3)/2 B \right]^{2} w' F_{d} t/m^{2}$$

where

 $F_d = [1 + D/B] < or = 2$

D, B and w' are as defined before.

PN - 190120

Bihar Foundation Consultants, 403, Ganga Darshan Apartment, Patna-10 [A unit of Baidyanath Foundation Consultants Pvt. Ltd.]

Appendix-F1

For a permissible settlement of S mm, the allowable bearing capacity

$$\mathbf{q's} = \mathbf{S} \, \mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{s}} \, /25$$

The corrected SPT N" values used in the calculations based on the above formula for different depths below G.L. may be found from the recorded data.

The N" value used in any case is to be for the influence zone below the footing, which depends on its width. A sample of calculation of the allowable soil pressure for the chosen size and depth of footing and for the permissible settlement is given in **Table B** in the next section.

The net allowable bearing pressure will be the lower of the values of bearing pressures found in the two Tables A and B.

Table A

Shape	e of		F.S.=	γ <i>,</i> t/n	n ³ =	с =	φ =	Nc =	Nq =	Ν _γ =
Found	lation:	STRIP	3		1.94	0.75	15.3	11.17	4.06	2.77
			dq =							
D [m]	B [m]	dc	dg	с	q	Term	Term	Term	qnf	qnf /F
1.5	2	1.20	1.098	0.75	1.455	10.02	4.88	2.94	17.85	5.95

Calculation of Net Safe Bearing Pressure [based on shear failure criterion]

Table B

Calculation of Net Allowable Bearing Pressure [based on settlement criterion]

D	В	Fd =	N"	w'	q _{s =25}	S	q _{s = S}		The ac	ljoining Tal ents	ole a	nd the	
m	m				t/m²	mm	t/m²		below =	it are for a	foot	ing of d	epth, D
1.5	2.0	1.75	7	0.5	4.0502	50	8.1003		1.5	m, and wic	ith, E	8 [m] =	2.0
The va	alue of al	lowable	bearing	pressu	ire from t	he abov	e Table f	or s =	50	mm is =		8.1	t/m ²
The v	alue of s	safe be	earing c	apacity	/ from sh	near cri	terion as	s found	from T	able A	=	6.0	t/m ²
Hence	the allow	able bea	aring pre	ssure f	or settlem	ent, s= c	or <	50	mm	will be	=	6.0	t/m²

The calculations for other depths and widths of footing are similar.

Appendix - G

PN - 190120

[A Unit : Baidyanath Foundation Consultants Pvt. Ltd.] 403, Ganga Darshan Apartment, Patna-10 Bihar Foundation Consultants

r चिकास निगम लिनिटेड ELOPMENT CORPORATION LTD, uan Sahay Path, Saidpur, Patna - 800 004 - 2660256 cin : U80301BR2010SGC015859	पटना, दिनांक १७ . १	टेन्ट र न०-403, जॉंच हेतु। दिनांक- 28.12.2010 एवं भवन निर्माण विभाग ॉक-21.04.2006	ा विश्वविद्यालय, छपरा' के परिसर में परीक्षा भवन निर्माण न के निर्माण स्थल पर मिट्टी का जाँच कराना है। : अनुरोध है कि उपरोक्त स्थल का तीन बिन्दुओं पर 10.5 मीटर : अनुरोध है कि उपरोक्त स्थल का तीन बिन्दुओं पर 10.5 मीटर : भीटर गहराई में मिट्टी का नमूना संग्रह कर प्रतिवेदन समर्पित त विहित प्रपन्न में मिट्टी के भार वहन क्षमता की गणना (isolated लिए अलग-अलग) भी समर्पित करें। त कार्य को इसा तरह संपादित करें कि ट्रान्सपोर्ट्शन एवं उम से कम हो। प्रत्येक स्थल पर समप्रक व्यक्ति संबंधित स्थल के झालय के प्रधानावार्य / प्राचार्य रहेंगे।	विष्टवासमाजन इन्हेल् लिल्गाग् मुख्य अभियंता	
BIHAR STICT 2 TUCHT 2 TUCHT CORPORATION LTD. BIHAR STATE EDUCATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LTD. A Govt. of Bihar Undertaking) Iso 9001:14001; OHSAS 18001 Shiksha Bhawan, Bihar Rashtrabhasha Parishad Campus, Acharya Shivpujan Sahay Path, Saidput, Patna - 800 004 Tel. No.: 0612 - 2660850 • Fax No.: 0612 - 2660256 E-mail: bseidc@gmall.com • Website : http://wwwbseld.cin • CIN : UB0301BR201056C015859	पत्रांक:- BSEIDC/	बिहार फाउंडेशन कॅसलटेन्ट गंगा दर्शन अपार्टमेंट, फ्लेंट न०–403, सताकत आशम के पश्चिम, पटना– 800010 विषय:– निर्माण स्थल के मिट्टी जाँच हेतु। प्रसंग:– आपका पत्रांक संख्या–00. दिनांक–28.12 का पत्र संख्या–2030, दिनांक–21.04.2006 महाशय,	अधीन ''जय प्रकाश विश्वविद्यालय, छपरा'' के परिसर में परीक्षा भवन निर्माण प्रस्तावित है। इस भवन के निर्माण स्थल पर मिट्टी का जाँच कराना है। अत: अनुरोध है कि उपरोक्त स्थल का तीन बिन्दुओं पर 10.5 मीटर गहराई तक प्रत्येक 1.5 मीटर गहराई में गिट्टी का नमूना संग्रह कर प्रतिवेदन समर्पित करें। साथ ही संलग्न विहित प्रपन्न में मिट्टी के भार वहन क्षत्तता की गणना (isolated एवं pile foundation के लिए अलग–अलग) भी समर्पित करें। इस जाँच कार्य को इस तरह संपादित करें। मेवलाईजेशन खर्च कम से कम हो। प्रत्येक स्थल पर सम्पर्क व्यक्ति संबंधित स्थल के विश्वविद्यालय / महाविद्यालय के प्रधानाचार्य / प्राचार्य रहेंगे।		
विहार र BIHAR STI Shiksha				3	

Examination Building at J.P. University, Chhapra